

Earlham College



#### **About This Report**

## **About Your Engagement Indicators Report**

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Lograing with Boors	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
Formation and with French	Student-Faculty Interaction
Experiences with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices
	_
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions
	Supportive Environment

#### **Report Sections**

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your first-year and senior students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

#### Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

#### **Score Distributions**

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

#### Summary of Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2014 and 2015 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

#### **Interpreting Comparisons**

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your Major Field Report (both to be

#### **How Engagement Indicators are Computed**

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver. CO.

## national survey of student engagément

## **NSSE 2015 Engagement Indicators**

## **Overview Earlham College**

## **Engagement Indicators: Overview**

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Your first-year students

compared with

Your first-year students

compared with

Your first-year students

compared with

#### Use the following key:

**First-Year Students** 

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- $\triangle$  Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- $\nabla$  Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Your students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

		compared with	compared with	compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Peer Group	Select	NSSE 2014 & 2015
	Higher-Order Learning	Δ		
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			Δ
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment	Δ		
niors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Peers on selectivity	More select grp	NSSE 2014 & 2015
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others		Δ	Δ
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
	Student-Faculty Interaction Effective Teaching Practices			<b>A</b>
Experiences with Faculty Campus		  <b>V</b>	  <b>V</b>	



# Academic Challenge Earlham College

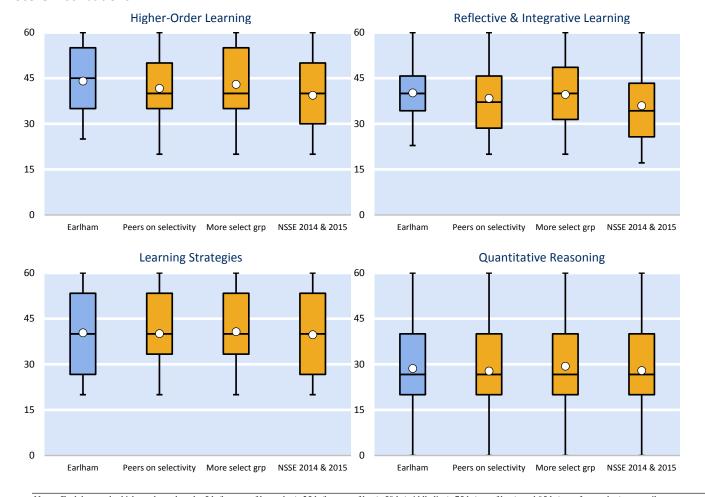
### **Academic Challenge: First-year students**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	Earlham	Peer G	iroup Effect	Se	lect Effect	NSSE 2014	<b>4 &amp; 2015</b> Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	44.1	41.6 *	.19	42.9	.09	39.3 ***	.34	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	40.2	38.4	.15	39.7	.04	36.0 ***	.33	
Learning Strategies	40.3	40.1	.02	40.7	03	39.7	.04	
Quantitative Reasoning	28.6	27.8	.05	29.4	05	27.9	.04	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge Earlham College

## **Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)**

#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Higher-Order Learning	Earlham	Peer Group	Select	NSSE 2014 & 2015
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	73	78	80	73
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	87	80	83	73
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	89	77	79	71
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	80	75	80	69
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	66	60	62	56
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	65	62	65	54
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	71	61	63	52
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	76	68	72	63
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	83	72	74	68
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	70	71	77	66
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	88	84	87	77
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	85	89	91	81
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	56	61	60	66
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	63	64	64	64
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	53	52	54	53
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	45	39	40	39
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	41	41	44	39



# Academic Challenge Earlham College

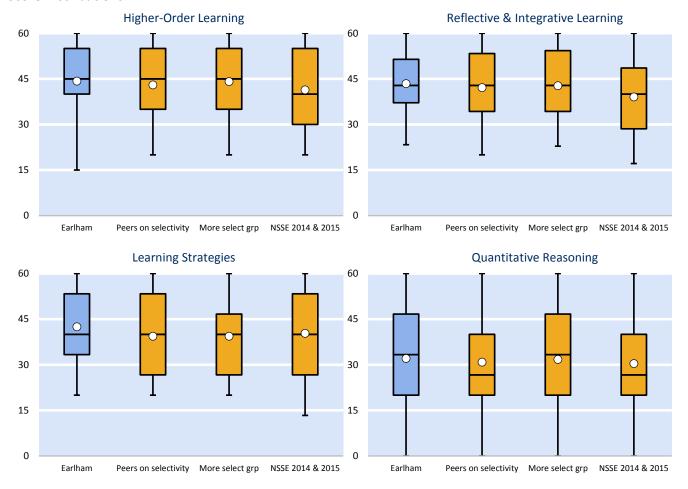
#### **Academic Challenge: Seniors**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with						
	Earlham	Peer Group Effect		<b>Select</b> <i>Effect</i>		NSSE 2014	<b>1 &amp; 2015</b> Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	44.3	43.0	.10	44.1	.02	41.4	.21	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	43.4	42.1	.10	42.7	.06	39.0 ***	.33	
Learning Strategies	42.5	39.4	.22	39.4	.23	40.3	.14	
Quantitative Reasoning	32.1	30.9	.07	31.7	.02	30.4	.10	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Academic Challenge Earlham College

## **Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)**

#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Higher-Order Learning	Earlham	Peer Group	Select	NSSE 2014 & 2015
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	78	81	82	80
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	85	82	85	78
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	81	77	80	72
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	84	77	82	73
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	85	77	78	72
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	77	74	74	64
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	83	66	67	55
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	78	73	77	67
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	81	76	77	71
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	84	77	79	70
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	92	89	91	84
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	93	89	91	83
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	58	53	50	64
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	69	61	60	66
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	66	54	55	56
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	43	45	46	46
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	52	50	54	46



# **Learning with Peers Earlham College**

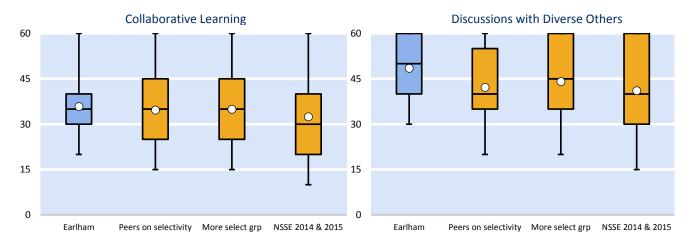
## **Learning with Peers: First-year students**

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year studen	ts compared	with	
	Earlham Peer Group		Select		NSSE 2014 & 20		
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	35.8	34.6	.09	34.9	.07	32.4 **	.23
Discussions with Diverse Others	48.4	42.2 ***	.45	44.0 ***	.33	41.1 ***	.46

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

				NSSE 2014 &
Collaborative Learning	Earlham	Peer Group	Select	2015
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	48	55	57	50
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	66	61	64	57
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	62	56	57	50
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	71	59	56	53
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	94	71	80	73
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	91	77	82	74
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	89	73	77	69
8d. People with political views other than your own	54	68	67	68



# **Learning with Peers Earlham College**

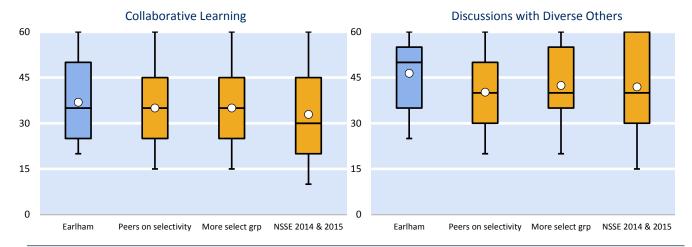
### **Learning with Peers: Seniors**

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with		
	Earlham Peer Group		Select		NSSE 2014 & 20		
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	36.9	35.0	.14	35.0	.14	32.9 *	.28
Discussions with Diverse Others	46.4	40.2 ***	.43	42.4 *	.29	42.0 **	.27

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Collaborative Learning	Earlham	Peer Group	Select	NSSE 2014 & 2015
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	55	48	48	41
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	68	66	66	59
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	56	54	57	47
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	66	67	64	65
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	94	64	75	74
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	90	73	79	75
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	82	69	73	71
8d. People with political views other than your own	51	66	65	71



# **Experiences with Faculty Earlham College**

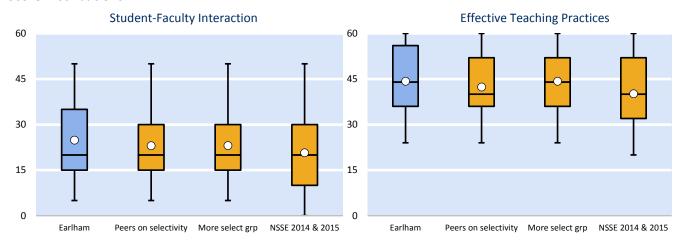
#### **Experiences with Faculty: First-year students**

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year stude	ents compared	with	
	Earlham	Earlham Peer Group		Select		NSSE 2014 & 201	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	24.9	23.0	.14	23.1	.14	20.7 **	.28
Effective Teaching Practices	44.3	42.4	.17	44.3	.00	40.1 ***	.31

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Student-Faculty Interaction	Earlham	Peer Group	Select	NSSE 2014 & 2015
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	34	33	28	33
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	29	20	20	19
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	32	32	38	26
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	42	34	33	30
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	81	85	89	80
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	87	87	89	79
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	80	83	87	77
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	72	71	73	66
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	77	73	77	63



# Experiences with Faculty Earlham College

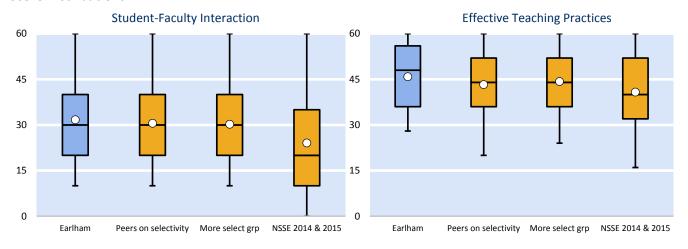
## **Experiences with Faculty: Seniors**

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	ompared with		
	Earlham	Peer	Group	Se	lect	NSSE 201	4 & 2015
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	31.7	30.5	.08	30.2	.10	24.0 ***	.46
Effective Teaching Practices	45.8	43.3	.22	44.3	.14	40.8 **	.36

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Student-Faculty Interaction	Earlham	Peer Group	Select	NSSE 2014 & 2015
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	55	57	55	43
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	40	39	38	27
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	59	50	53	34
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	40	39	36	34
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	83	87	90	82
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	87	87	90	80
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	96	85	89	79
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	77	70	71	62
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	73	77	78	67



## Campus Environment Earlham College

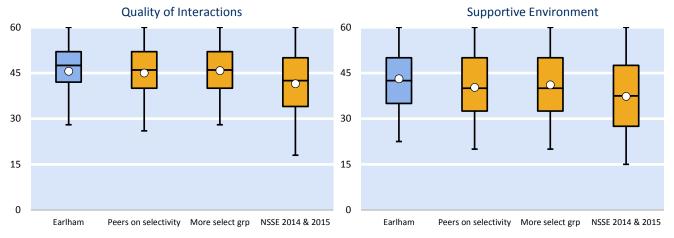
## **Campus Environment: First-year students**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year stude	ents compared	with	
	Earlham	Peer C	Group	Se	lect	NSSE 201	4 & 2015
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	45.6	45.0	.06	45.8	02	41.5 ***	.32
Supportive Environment	43.1	40.2 *	.24	41.1	.17	37.3 ***	.42

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Summary of Indicator Items				NSSE 2014 &
Quality of Interactions	Earlham	Peer Group	Select	2015
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	61	65	69	58
13b. Academic advisors	58	57	52	49
13c. Faculty	69	65	69	50
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	56	53	56	44
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	48	50	52	41
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	86	85	86	77
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	87	84	85	78
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	81	62	65	60
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	79	80	81	73
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	82	78	81	72
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	48	45	45	45
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	78	74	74	67
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	84	69	73	53



## Campus Environment Earlham College

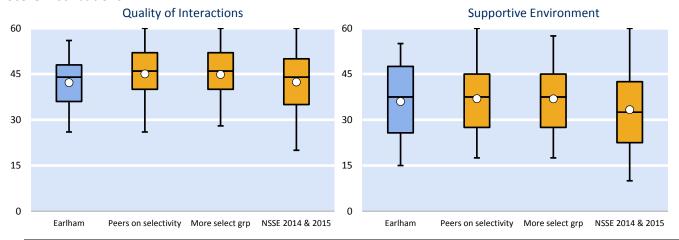
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Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with		
	Earlham	Peer (	Group	Sel	ect	NSSE 2	014 & 2015
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	42.2	45.0 *	29	44.8 *	28	42.4	02
Supportive Environment	36.0	36.9	08	36.9	07	33.3	.18

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Summary of Indicator Items				NSSE 2014 &
Quality of Interactions	Earlham	Peer Group	Select	2015
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	69	66	66	63
13b. Academic advisors	65	66	63	52
13c. Faculty	70	72	73	59
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	26	47	45	42
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	26	43	40	41
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	79	81	81	72
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	76	75	75	67
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	75	52	53	53
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	62	76	74	66
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	62	70	72	62
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	33	32	29	33
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	65	69	67	57
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	78	66	69	46

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## Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Earlham College

#### Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see nsse.indiana.edu/html/position\_policies.cfm), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE<sup>a</sup> for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2014 and 2015 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2014 and 2015 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark  $(\checkmark)$  signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-ye	ar stud	dents compared wit	h	
		Earlham	NSSE T	Гор 50%		NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	✓	Mean	Effect size	✓
	Higher-Order Learning	44.1	41.0 **	.23	✓	43.0	.07	✓
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	40.2	37.6 **	.20	✓	39.6	.05	✓
Challenge	Learning Strategies	40.3	41.6	09	✓	44.4 **	29	
	Quantitative Reasoning	28.6	29.4	05	✓	31.5	17	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	35.8	35.1	.05	✓	37.3	11	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	48.4	43.3 ***	.33	✓	45.5 **	.20	✓
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	24.9	24.0	.05	✓	27.2	15	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	44.3	42.3	.15	✓	44.6	03	✓
Campus	Quality of Interactions	45.6	44.0	.13	✓	45.8	02	✓
Environment	Supportive Environment	43.1	39.4 ***	.27	✓	41.3	.14	✓
Seniors				Your s	eniors	compared with		
		Earlham	NSSE T	Гор 50%		NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	✓	Mean	Effect size	✓
	Higher-Order Learning	44.3	43.5	.06	✓	45.3	07	✓
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	43.4	41.3	.17	✓	43.1	.02	✓
Challenge	Learning Strategies	42.5	42.5	.00	✓	44.8	17	
	Quantitative Reasoning	32.1	31.8	.02	✓	33.6	09	✓
Learning	Collaborative Learning	36.9	35.7	.09	✓	38.2	09	✓
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	46.4	43.9	.16	✓	45.9	.03	✓
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	31.7	29.8	.12	✓	34.1	15	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	45.8	43.1	.20	✓	45.1	.05	✓
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.2	45.0 **	25		46.7 ***	39	
Environment	Supportive Environment	36.0	36.1	01	✓	38.8	20	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .01 (2-tailed).

- a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2014 and 2015 institutions, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.
- b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



# **Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup> **Earlham College**

**Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students** 

	Mea	n statist	ics		Percei	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores			mparison	results	
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge									,	- 33		
Higher-Order Learning												
Earlham (N = 118)	44.1	11.6	1.07	25	35	45	55	60				
Peers on selectivity	41.6	12.6	.18	20	35	40	50	60	5,141	2.4	.039	.193
More select grp	42.9	12.1	.17	20	35	40	55	60	4,917	1.1	.318	.093
NSSE 2014 & 2015	39.3	13.9	.02	20	30	40	50	60	117	4.7	.000	.338
Top 50%	41.0	13.7	.03	20	30	40	50	60	117	3.1	.005	.225
Top 10%	43.0	13.8	.06	20	35	40	55	60	118	1.0	.343	.074
Reflective & Integrative Learn	ing											
Earlham $(N = 121)$	40.2	10.3	.94	23	34	40	46	60				
Peers on selectivity	38.4	12.2	.17	20	29	37	46	60	128	1.8	.061	.147
More select grp	39.7	11.8	.17	20	31	40	49	60	128	.5	.586	.044
NSSE 2014 & 2015	36.0	12.7	.02	17	26	34	43	60	120	4.2	.000	.330
Top 50%	37.6	12.7	.03	17	29	37	46	60	120	2.6	.007	.203
Top 10%	39.6	12.8	.06	20	31	40	49	60	121	.6	.530	.046
Learning Strategies												
Earlham $(N = 118)$	40.3	14.7	1.35	20	27	40	53	60				
Peers on selectivity	40.1	13.3	.19	20	33	40	53	60	121	.2	.865	.017
More select grp	40.7	13.3	.20	20	33	40	53	60	122	4	.766	030
NSSE 2014 & 2015	39.7	14.3	.02	20	27	40	53	60	442,085	.6	.638	.043
Top 50%	41.6	14.1	.03	20	33	40	53	60	210,372	-1.3	.334	089
Top 10%	44.4	14.0	.06	20	33	47	60	60	47,750	-4.1	.002	290
Quantitative Reasoning												
Earlham $(N = 120)$	28.6	16.0	1.45	0	20	27	40	60				
Peers on selectivity	27.8	16.2	.23	0	20	27	40	60	5,259	.8	.577	.051
More select grp	29.4	15.8	.23	0	20	27	40	60	5,013	7	.609	047
NSSE 2014 & 2015	27.9	16.6	.02	0	20	27	40	60	484,523	.7	.651	.041
Top 50%	29.4	16.6	.03	0	20	27	40	60	307,732	8	.615	046
Top 10%	31.5	16.5	.07	0	20	33	40	60	61,053	-2.9	.055	175
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
Earlham $(N = 116)$	35.8	11.9	1.10	20	30	35	40	60				
Peers on selectivity	34.6	13.2	.18	15	25	35	45	60	122	1.2	.298	.089
More select grp	34.9	13.3	.18	15	25	35	45	60	122	.9	.437	.066
NSSE 2014 & 2015	32.4	14.3	.02	10	20	30	40	60	115	3.3	.003	.234
Top 50%	35.1	13.8	.03	15	25	35	45	60	116	.6	.564	.046
Top 10%	37.3	13.8	.06	15	25	35	50	60	116	-1.5	.179	108
Discussions with Diverse Other	ers											
Earlham $(N = 118)$	48.4	11.1	1.02	30	40	50	60	60				
Peers on selectivity	42.2	14.0	.20	20	35	40	55	60	127	6.3	.000	.452
More select grp	44.0	13.4	.20	20	35	45	60	60	126	4.4	.000	.331
NSSE 2014 & 2015	41.1	16.1	.02	15	30	40	60	60	117	7.4	.000	.459
Top 50%	43.3	15.4	.03	20	35	45	60	60	118	5.1	.000	.331
Top 10%	45.5	14.8	.06	20	35	50	60	60	118	2.9	.005	.197



# **Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup> **Earlham College**

#### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores		Comparison results				
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect	
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>	
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
Earlham $(N = 121)$	24.9	13.9	1.26	5	15	20	35	50					
Peers on selectivity	23.0	13.5	.19	5	15	20	30	50	5,271	1.8	.139	.136	
More select grp	23.1	13.4	.19	5	15	20	30	50	5,074	1.8	.139	.136	
NSSE 2014 & 2015	20.7	14.9	.02	0	10	20	30	50	486,787	4.2	.002	.279	
Top 50%	24.0	15.2	.04	0	15	20	35	55	162,434	.8	.545	.055	
Top 10%	27.2	16.1	.10	5	15	25	40	60	122	-2.3	.067	146	
Effective Teaching Practices													
Earlham $(N = 122)$	44.3	12.4	1.13	24	36	44	56	60					
Peers on selectivity	42.4	11.4	.16	24	36	40	52	60	5,286	1.9	.070	.166	
More select grp	44.3	11.2	.16	24	36	44	52	60	5,068	.0	.999	.000	
NSSE 2014 & 2015	40.1	13.4	.02	20	32	40	52	60	489,952	4.1	.001	.310	
Top 50%	42.3	13.2	.03	20	32	40	52	60	186,283	1.9	.106	.146	
Top 10%	44.6	13.3	.07	20	36	44	56	60	37,239	4	.755	028	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
Earlham $(N = 119)$	45.6	10.1	.92	28	42	48	52	60					
Peers on selectivity	45.0	10.1	.15	26	40	46	52	60	4,842	.6	.525	.059	
More select grp	45.8	9.6	.14	28	40	46	52	60	4,653	2	.823	021	
NSSE 2014 & 2015	41.5	12.6	.02	18	34	43	50	60	118	4.1	.000	.325	
Top 50%	44.0	11.7	.03	22	38	46	52	60	118	1.6	.091	.134	
Top 10%	45.8	11.9	.06	23	40	48	55	60	119	3	.761	024	
Supportive Environment													
Earlham $(N = 113)$	43.1	11.2	1.05	23	35	43	50	60					
Peers on selectivity	40.2	11.9	.18	20	33	40	50	60	4,639	2.9	.012	.240	
More select grp	41.1	12.0	.18	20	33	40	50	60	4,474	2.0	.078	.168	
NSSE 2014 & 2015	37.3	13.9	.02	15	28	38	48	60	113	5.8	.000	.415	
Top 50%	39.4	13.4	.03	18	30	40	50	60	113	3.7	.001	.274	
Top 10%	41.3	13.0	.06	20	33	40	53	60	113	1.8	.092	.137	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean  $\pm$ 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



# **Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup> **Earlham College**

**Detailed Statistics: Seniors** 

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores		Co	results		
	Maan	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge	Mean	30	SEIVI	5111	25111	50(11	75111	95111	jreedom	uijj.	Siy.	3126
Higher-Order Learning												
Earlham (N = 75)	44.3	13.0	1.50	15	40	45	55	60				
Peers on selectivity	43.0	12.6	.18	20	35	45	55	60	4,962	1.3	.389	.100
More select grp	44.1	12.1	.18	20	35	45	55	60	4,614	.2	.895	.015
NSSE 2014 & 2015	41.4	14.2	.02	20	30	40	55	60	596,666	2.9	.073	.207
Top 50%	43.5	13.8	.03	20	35	40	55	60	224,378	.8	.619	.057
Top 10%	45.3	13.6	.06	20	40	45	60	60	60,351	-1.0	.517	075
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	ng											
Earlham $(N = 78)$	43.4	11.1	1.26	23	37	43	51	60				
Peers on selectivity	42.1	12.3	.17	20	34	43	53	60	5,156	1.3	.363	.104
More select grp	42.7	12.1	.18	23	34	43	54	60	4,782	.7	.628	.055
NSSE 2014 & 2015	39.0	13.1	.02	17	29	40	49	60	77	4.4	.001	.333
Top 50%	41.3	12.7	.03	20	31	40	51	60	223,867	2.1	.141	.167
Top 10%	43.1	12.5	.05	20	34	43	54	60	55,538	.3	.839	.023
Learning Strategies												
Earlham $(N = 74)$	42.5	12.5	1.45	20	33	40	53	60				
Peers on selectivity	39.4	14.0	.20	20	27	40	53	60	4,781	3.1	.061	.220
More select grp	39.4	13.5	.20	20	27	40	47	60	4,461	3.1	.052	.229
NSSE 2014 & 2015	40.3	14.8	.02	13	27	40	53	60	562,985	2.1	.217	.144
Top 50%	42.5	14.6	.03	20	33	40	60	60	283,854	.0	.994	001
Top 10%	44.8	14.2	.05	20	33	47	60	60	74,392	-2.4	.150	168
Quantitative Reasoning												
Earlham $(N = 74)$	32.1	17.7	2.05	0	20	33	47	60				
Peers on selectivity	30.9	17.4	.25	0	20	27	40	60	5,054	1.2	.551	.070
More select grp	31.7	18.3	.27	0	20	33	47	60	4,709	.3	.878	.018
NSSE 2014 & 2015	30.4	17.4	.02	0	20	27	40	60	607,929	1.7	.406	.096
Top 50%	31.8	17.3	.03	0	20	33	40	60	378,209	.3	.878	.018
Top 10%	33.6	16.9	.06	0	20	33	47	60	83,537	-1.6	.425	093
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
Earlham $(N = 75)$	36.9	14.1	1.63	20	25	35	50	60				
Peers on selectivity	35.0	13.3	.18	15	25	35	45	60	5,220	1.9	.216	.144
More select grp	35.0	13.6	.20	15	25	35	45	60	4,872	1.9	.232	.139
NSSE 2014 & 2015	32.9	14.6	.02	10	20	30	45	60	633,030	4.0	.017	.275
Top 50%	35.7	13.9	.02	15	25	35	45	60	316,545	1.2	.441	.089
Top 10%	38.2	13.7	.05	15	30	40	50	60	63,178	-1.2	.428	091
Discussions with Diverse Others	S											
Earlham $(N = 74)$	46.4	11.7	1.36	25	35	50	55	60				
Peers on selectivity	40.2	14.3	.21	20	30	40	50	60	4,829	6.2	.000	.432
More select grp	42.4	13.5	.20	20	35	40	55	60	4,512	4.0	.012	.295
NSSE 2014 & 2015	42.0	16.1	.02	15	30	40	60	60	73	4.4	.002	.275
Top 50%	43.9	15.9	.03	20	35	45	60	60	73	2.5	.072	.156
Top 10%	45.9	15.4	.05	20	40	50	60	60	73	.5	.726	.031



# **Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup> **Earlham College**

**Detailed Statistics: Seniors** 

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores	Comparison results				
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
Earlham $(N = 78)$	31.7	14.4	1.64	10	20	30	40	60				
Peers on selectivity	30.5	14.9	.21	10	20	30	40	60	5,070	1.1	.501	.077
More select grp	30.2	14.8	.22	10	20	30	40	60	4,705	1.5	.391	.098
NSSE 2014 & 2015	24.0	16.4	.02	0	10	20	35	60	607,916	7.6	.000	.464
Top 50%	29.8	16.2	.04	5	20	30	40	60	145,037	1.9	.302	.117
Top 10%	34.1	16.5	.11	5	20	35	45	60	77	-2.4	.141	148
Effective Teaching Practices												
Earlham $(N = 75)$	45.8	11.7	1.35	28	36	48	56	60				
Peers on selectivity	43.3	11.9	.17	20	36	44	52	60	5,086	2.6	.060	.218
More select grp	44.3	11.2	.16	24	36	44	52	60	4,741	1.6	.228	.140
NSSE 2014 & 2015	40.8	13.9	.02	16	32	40	52	60	614,071	5.1	.002	.364
Top 50%	43.1	13.6	.03	20	36	44	56	60	207,448	2.8	.078	.203
Top 10%	45.1	13.4	.07	20	36	48	60	60	38,711	.7	.649	.053
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
Earlham $(N = 75)$	42.2	9.0	1.04	26	36	44	48	56				
Peers on selectivity	45.0	9.8	.14	26	40	46	52	60	4,815	-2.9	.012	293
More select grp	44.8	9.4	.14	28	40	46	52	60	4,511	-2.7	.015	283
NSSE 2014 & 2015	42.4	12.0	.02	20	35	44	50	60	74	2	.845	017
Top 50%	45.0	11.4	.03	24	38	46	54	60	74	-2.8	.008	247
Top 10%	46.7	11.8	.05	24	40	50	56	60	74	-4.5	.000	386
Supportive Environment												
Earlham $(N = 75)$	36.0	12.9	1.48	15	26	38	48	55				
Peers on selectivity	36.9	12.6	.19	18	28	38	45	60	4,669	-1.0	.509	077
More select grp	36.9	12.0	.18	18	28	38	45	58	4,367	9	.525	074
NSSE 2014 & 2015	33.3	14.5	.02	10	23	33	43	60	535,703	2.7	.109	.185
Top 50%	36.1	13.9	.03	13	26	38	45	60	215,706	1	.948	008
Top 10%	38.8	13.7	.07	15	30	40	50	60	40,288	-2.8	.079	203

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean  $\pm$ 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.